

## NTG-EDSD

v.1/2013.2

The **NTG-Early Detection Screen for Dementia**, adapted from the DSQIID\*, can be used for the early detection screening of those adults with a learning disability who are suspected of, or may be showing early signs of, mild cognitive impairment or dementia. It can also be used to monitor progression and change in the early stage of dementia or identify simultaneous health conditions that may otherwise remain untreated. This complies with Scotland's National Dementia Strategy 2013-2016 which states that everyone diagnosed with dementia from April 1, 2013 is entitled to a minimum of one year's post-diagnostic support. The NTG-EDSD is not an assessment or diagnostic instrument, but an administrative tool that can be used by staff and family carers to note functional decline and health problems and record baseline information useful for further assessment and review.

It is recommended that this tool be used on an annual, or as required basis with adults with Down's syndrome beginning with age 30, and with other persons with learning disabilities when suspected of experiencing cognitive change. The form can be completed by anyone who is familiar with the adult (recommended to have known him or her for over six months), such as a family member, support worker, community learning disability nurse, learning disability psychiatrist, Alzheimer Scotland link worker or health specialist, using information derived by observation or from the adult's support plan or health record. The estimated time necessary to complete this form is between 15 and 60 minutes.

If you would like more information about the background to the National Task Group Early Detection Screen for Dementia (NTG) please visit www.aadmd.org/ntg/screening

Name of person: <sup>(1)</sup> First		<sup>(2)</sup> Last:			
<sup>(3)</sup> Known as:		<sup>(4)</sup> Date of birth:			
<sup>(5)</sup> Age:	<sup>(6)</sup> Sex:	_ <sup>(7)</sup> Date:			
	Female Male				
<sup>(8)</sup> Best	description of level of learning disability	Instructions: For each question block, <u>tick the item that</u> <u>best applies</u> to the individual or situation.			
	No discernible learning disability Borderline (IQ 70-75)				
	Mild (IQ 55-69) Moderate (IQ 40-54) Severe (IQ 25-39)	Current living arrangement of person:			
	Profound and complex/multiple (IQ 24 and below)	<ul> <li>Lives alone with no paid support</li> <li>Lives with partner, spouse or friends</li> </ul>			
<sup>(9)</sup> Diagi	Unknown nosed condition ( <i>tick all that apply</i> )	<ul> <li>Lives with parents or other family members</li> <li>Lives with paid carer</li> <li>Lives in shared learning disability group</li> </ul>			
	Autism         Cerebral palsy         Down's syndrome         Fragile X syndrome         Non-specific learning disability         Prader-Willi syndrome         Other:	<ul> <li>home</li> <li>Lives in single tenancy with support from staff</li> <li>Lives in care home for older people (non learning disability)</li> <li>Currently in respite or assessment unit</li> <li>Lives in other:</li> </ul>			

<sup>(10)</sup> General characterisation of <u>current</u> physical health:

Excellent
Very good
Good
Fair
Poor

<sup>(11)</sup> Compared to <u>previous screening</u>, current <u>physical</u> health is:

Much better	
Somewhat better	
About the same	
Somewhat worse	
Much worse	

<sup>(12)</sup> Compared to <u>previous screening</u>, current <u>mental</u> health is:

Much better	
Somewhat better	
About the same	
Somewhat worse	
Much worse	

<sup>(13)</sup> Conditions present (*tick all that apply*)

Vision impairment	
Blind (very limited or no vision)	
Vision corrected by glasses	
Hearing impairment	
Deaf (very limited or no hearing)	
Hearing corrected by hearing aids	
Mobility impairment	
Not mobile – uses wheelchair	
independently	
Not mobile – is moved about in	
wheelchair	
Assisted to mobilise with use of walking	
aid	

<sup>(14)</sup> Significant recent [in past year] life event (*check all that apply*)

Death of someone close		
Changes in living arrangement, work, or		
day service		
Changes in staff close to the person		
New housemates		
Illness or impairment due to accident		
Adverse reaction to medication or		
over-medication		
Relationship difficulties		
Victimisation / abuse / bullying		
Other:		

(15) Seizures

-izures	)	
	Recent onset seizures	
	Long term occurrence of seizures	
	Seizures in childhood, not occurring in	
	adulthood	
	No history of seizures	

<sup>(16)</sup> Diagnostic History

Has dementia or mild cognitive impairment or previously been diagnosed?

[ ] No

[ ] Yes, mild cognitive impairment

Date of diagnosis:

[ ] Yes, dementia

Date of diagnosis:

Type of dementia:

Diagnosed by:

- Geriatrician
- D Multi-disciplinary learning disability team
- Learning Disability Psychiatrist
- Psychologist
- □ GP
- Other: \_\_\_\_\_

 $^{(17)}$ Is this the first screening for a baseline?

- []Yes
- [ ] No

<sup>(18)</sup>If changes have been experienced, but no diagnosis of dementia or mild cognitive impairment has been made, please give the month and year when changes were first noted:

Please explain your suspicions about dementia or mild cognitive impairment (if relevant):

## [Tick column option as appropriate]

	Always been the case	Always but worse	Change in past year	Does not apply
<sup>(19)</sup> Activities of Daily Living				
Needs help with washing and/or bathing				
Needs help with dressing				
Dresses inappropriately (e.g., back to front, incomplete,				
inadequately for weather)				
Undresses inappropriately (e.g., in public)				
Needs help eating (cutting food, mouthful amounts, choking)				
Needs help using the bathroom (finding, toileting)				
Incontinent (including occasional accidents)				
	•			
<sup>(20)</sup> Language & Communication				
Does not initiate conversation				
Does not find correct words				
Does not follow simple instructions				
Appears to get lost in middle of conversation				
Does not read				
Does not write (including printing own name)				
<sup>(21)</sup> Sleep-Wake Change Patterns				
Excessive sleep (sleeping more)				
Inadequate sleep (sleeping less)				
Wakes frequently at night				
Confused at night				
Sleeps during the day more than usual				
Walks or appears to wanders for no apparent reason at night				
Wakes earlier than usual				
Sleeps later than usual				
Does not want to sleep in a bed				
<sup>(22)</sup> Mobility				
Not confident walking over small cracks, lines on the ground,				
patterned flooring, uneven surfaces, up or down kerbs or stairs				
Unsteady walk, loses balance				
Falls				
Requires aids to walk				

	Always been the case	Always but worse	Change in past year	Does not apply
<sup>(23)</sup> Memory				
Does not recognise familiar persons (staff/relatives/friends)				
Does not remember names of familiar people				
Does not remember recent events (in past week or less)				
Does not find way in familiar surroundings				
Loses track of time (time of day, day of the week, seasons)				
Loses or misplaces objects				
Puts familiar things in wrong places				
Problems with printing or signing own name				
Problems with learning new tasks or names of new people				
	·			
<sup>(24)</sup> Behaviour				
Walks or wanders for no apparent reason				
Withdraws from social activities				
Withdraws from people				
Loss of interest in hobbies and activities				
Seems to go into own world				
Obsessive or repetitive behavior				
Hides or hoards objects				
Does not know what to do with familiar objects				
Increased impulsivity (touching others, arguing, taking things)				
Appears uncertain, lacks confidence				
Appears anxious, agitated, or nervous				
Appears depressed				
Shows verbal aggression				
Shows physical aggression				
Temper tantrums, uncontrollable crying, shouting				
Shows lethargy or listlessness				
Talks to self				
<sup>(25)</sup> Adult's Self-reported Difficulties			-	
Changes in ability to do things				
Hearing things				
Seeing things				
Changes in 'thinking' or talks about changes in 'head'				
Changes in interests				
Changes in memory				
<sup>(26)</sup> Notable Significant Changes Observed by Others				
In gait (e.g., stumbling, falling, unsteadiness)				
In personality (e.g., subdued when was outgoing)				
In friendliness (e.g., now socially unresponsive)				
In attentiveness (e.g., misses cues, distracted)				
In weight (e.g., weight loss or weight gain)				
In abnormal voluntary movements (head, neck, limbs, trunk)				

## [Tick column option as appropriate]

	(27) <b>Chronic (Long-term) Health Conditions</b> *	Recent condition (past year)	Condition diagnosed in last 5 years	Lifelong condition	Condition not present
	Bone, Joint and Muscle				
1	Arthritis				
2	Osteoporosis				
	Heart and Circulation				
3	Heart condition				
4	High cholesterol				
5	High blood pressure				
6	Low blood pressure				
7	Stroke				
	Hormonal				
8	Diabetes (type 1 or 2)				
9	Thyroid disorder				
	Lungs/breathing				
10	Asthma				
11	Chronic bronchitis, emphysema				
12	Sleep disorder				
	Mental health				
13	Alcohol or substance abuse				
14	Anxiety disorder				
15	Attention deficit disorder				
16	Bipolar disorder				
17	Dementia/Alzheimer's disease				
18	Depression				
19	Eating disorder (anorexia, bulimia)				
20	Obsessive-compulsive disorder				
21	Schizophrenia				
22	Other:				
	Pain / Discomfort				
23	Back pain				
24	Constipation				
25	Foot pain				
26	Gastrointestinal pain or discomfort				
27	Headaches				
28	Hip/knee pain				
29	Neck/shoulder pain				
	Sensory				1
30	Dizziness / vertigo				
31	Impaired hearing				
32	Impaired vision				1
	Other				I
33	Cancer – type:				
34	Chronic fatigue				
35	Epilepsy / seizure disorder				
36	Heartburn / acid reflux				1
37	Urinary incontinence				
38	Sleep apnoea				
39	Tics/movement disorder/spasticity				
40	Dental pain				
+U *Itom					

\*Items drawn from the Longitudinal Health and Intellectual Disability Survey (University of Illinois at Chicago)

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<sup>(28)</sup> Current medication for:	Yes	No
Chronic conditions		
Mental health or behaviour that challenges ot	ners 🗆	
Pain		
Note any medication changes since last review	:	
Attach list of current medications, dosage, and	when prescribed (t	ick to confirm attached) 🗆
<sup>(29)</sup> Please use this space for any other notable	changes or concern	15:
<sup>(30)</sup> Next Steps (tick the relevant box):		
If completed by paid or family carer:		
$\hfill\square$ If no changes noted, or this is a baseline ass	essment, inform Cor	mmunity Learning Disability Team of completion
and review again on agreed date. Next date:		
$\hfill\square$ If changes are noted, please update GP and	Community Learnin	g Disability Team and agree next steps. Next date:
If completed by Community Learning Disabili	ty Team or health p	rofessional:
□ If no changes noted, or this is a baseline ass	essment, update rec	cords and review again on agreed date. Next date:
$\hfill\square$ If changes are noted, please update GP and	Community Learnin	g Disability Team and agree next steps. Next date:
If completed by Alzheimer Scotland link work	er:	
□ No changes noted, or this is a baseline asses an agreed date. Next date:	sment, advise Comr	nunity Learning disability team and review again at
□ If changes are noted, please update GP and	Community Learnin	g Disability Team and agree next steps. Next date:
<sup>(31)</sup> Date form completed <sup>32)</sup>	Organisation (if app	propriate)
Name of person completing form		
Relationship to individual (staff, relative, health profe	ssional, support staff, Alz	zheimer Scotland link worker etc.)
Date(s) form previously completed		
		luals with Intellectual Disabilities; Deb, S., 2007) as adapted into the and the LHIDS (Longitudinal Health and Intellectual Disability Survey;
mer & Hsieh, 2010) and as further adapted by the National Tas nentia for use in the USA.	Group on Intellectual Disa	abilities and Dementia Practices as the NTG Early Detection Screen for
pted in Scotland by Dr Karen Watchman, Alzheimer Scotland		tice, University of the West of Scotland; Nicola Ewing, Planning and
missioning Officer (Learning Disabilities), Edinburgh City Counci tact: Karen.Watchman@uws.ac.uk / nicola.ewing@edinburgh.g		







Working together for a caring, healthier, safer Edinburgh

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